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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/815,561	03/31/2004	Paul A. Koning	042390.P18752	7131
8791	7590	07/05/2006	EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN			GURLEY, LYNNE ANN	
12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SEVENTH FLOOR				2812
LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030				

DATE MAILED: 07/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/815,561	KONING, PAUL A.	
	Examiner Lynne A. Gurley	Art Unit 2812	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 April 2006.
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-26 and 30-32 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1-26 and 30-32 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.


 LYNNE A. GURLEY
 PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER
 TC 2800, AU 2812

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to the amendment and remarks, filed 10/11/05.

Currently, claims 1-26 and 30-32 are pending.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/19/06 has been entered.

Specification

1. The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

4. Claims 1--26 and 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Farnsworth (US 6,897,089, dated 5/24/05, filed 5/17/02) in view of Carter (US 6,730,617, dated 5/4/04 filed 4/24/02).

Farnworth shows the method substantially as claimed, in figures 1-7 and corresponding text, as forming an imprinted polymer 24 disposed upon a substrate 14 under conditions to expose a bond pad 18 on the substrate by local flow of the polymer, wherein a recess is formed in the polymer (fig. 1F); mating a solder bump (fig. 1I or fig. 3G; column 6, lines 22-53; column 7, lines 3-17) with the bond pad; and curing the polymer (column 5, lines 26-50). The solder bump is reflowed (column 4, lines 11-15; solder alloy is also disclosed). A convex over-all profile or, contoured recess is formed in the polymer.

Farnworth lacks anticipation only in not teaching: that one of a thermal load and a vibratory load may be used to form the imprinted polymer; the use of solder flux and corresponding deposition; a microprocessor mated with the solder bump, wherein mating includes at least partially flattening the convex over-all profile; the film-to-substrate thickness ratio; the specifics of the polymer composition with resin and filler.

Carter teaches a polymer imprinting method which uses a thermal load, including heating the stamp or substrate to imprint the polymer and/or pressure to imprint the polymer.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used the thermal processing taught in Carter to imprint the polymer in the method of Farnworth, with the motivation that Carter teaches that the thermal imprinting is efficient and the similar results will be realized.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have had a microprocessor mated with the solder bump, wherein mating includes at least partially flattening the convex over-all profile; to have had the method comprise the steps wherein mating the solder bump with the bond pad includes mating a complementary-contoured solder bump in the recess; to have had the claimed film-to-substrate thickness ratio; and to have had the claimed specifics of the polymer composition with resin and filler, in the method of Farnworth, with the motivation that the use of solder flux is conventional and would make the solder deposition more reliable and efficient; with the motivation that the resins and filler materials are conventional in the art when considering the use of polymers and assuring their reliability; with the motivation that the microprocessor would be an appropriate IC device to integrate with the wafer level method taught in Farnworth (column 1, lines 1-52), depending on the purpose of the completed device; and, additionally, with the motivation that the claimed film-to-substrate thickness ratio would be reasonable to one of ordinary skill in the art, especially with the down-sizing of wafer scale packaging.

Art Unit: 2812

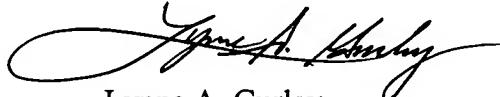
Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record in the previous office action, and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the PTO Form 892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lynne A. Gurley whose telephone number is 571-272-1670. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Lebentritt can be reached on 571-272-1873. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



Lynne A. Gurley
Primary Patent Examiner
Art Unit 2812

LAG
June 26, 2006